

Bilaga 1

Grästorps Energi Ek för (RELO0049)

Beräknad intäktsram i enlighet med Ei:s yttrande 30 oktober 2012
(2010 års prisnivå)

	Tkr
Kapitalkostnader	92 151
Varav kapitalkostnader för nettokapitalbasförändringar	1 281
Löpande kostnader	
Opåverkbara kostnader	44 358
Påverkbara kostnader	29 328
Beräknad intäktsram med schablonmetoden	165 837
Varav utan opåverkbara kostnader	121 479
Varav utan kapitalkostnader för nettokapitalbasförändringar	120 198

The following table shows the results of the experiment. The first column is the number of trials, the second column is the number of correct responses, and the third column is the percentage of correct responses. The data shows that the percentage of correct responses increases as the number of trials increases, indicating that the subject is learning the task.

Number of Trials	Number of Correct Responses	Percentage of Correct Responses
10	5	50%
20	12	60%
30	18	60%
40	25	62.5%
50	30	60%
60	35	58.3%
70	40	57.1%
80	45	56.25%
90	50	55.56%
100	55	55%

The results of the experiment show that the subject's performance is stable, with a slight decrease in the percentage of correct responses as the number of trials increases. This suggests that the subject has reached a plateau in their learning.



Beräknad intäktsram enligt övergångsmetoden	Tkr
Historiska intäkter minskade med opåverkbara kostnader	67 644
Opåverkbara kostnader 2012 - 2015	44 358
Kapitalkostnader för nettokapitalbasförändringar	1 281
6/18	17 518
Beräknad intäktsram i enlighet med Ei:s yttrande 30 oktober 2012 (2010 års prisnivå)	130 800

Av Ei beslutad intäktsram 31 oktober 2011	2012 - 2015	120 232
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The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry should be supported by a valid receipt or invoice. This ensures transparency and allows for easy auditing of the accounts.

In the second section, the author details the various methods used to collect and analyze data. This includes both primary and secondary research techniques. The primary research involved direct observation and interviews with key stakeholders, while secondary research focused on reviewing existing literature and industry reports.

The third section presents the findings of the study. It highlights several key trends and patterns observed in the data. For example, there was a significant increase in the use of digital services over the period studied. Additionally, the study found that customer satisfaction is closely linked to the quality of service provided.

Finally, the document concludes with a series of recommendations for future research and practical applications. It suggests that further studies should explore the long-term effects of digitalization on traditional business models. The author also provides actionable insights for businesses looking to improve their customer service and operational efficiency.